by Craig Rusbult - Session 1, 9:45-10:45, Mon, Sep 22.

**Building Bridges between Engineering and Science to Improve NGSS Practices** [+ motivation, transfers]

The <u>wide scope</u> of <u>Design Thinking</u> — used for Engineering (broadly defined) and Science, whenever critical evaluation guides creativity in iterative problemsolving Cycles of Design — <u>lets us build two useful educational bridges</u> (life/school, engineering/science), helping students improve their Engineering-and-Science Practices, motivations to learn, transfers of learning.

A web-version of this page has links, colors, and more: designprocessineducation.com/design-thinking/stem.htm

The Wide Scope of Design → Bridges and Benefits: We use a process of design for <u>almost everything we do</u>, when we design a **product**, activity, strategy, or theory. This wide scope lets us build two kinds of Edu-Bridges:

• MOTIVATION-Bridges between Life and School:

The simplicity of **D**esign Thinking (see Diagram A) — when we Define a Problem, then try to Solve the Problem by Generating-and-Evaluating Ideas in Cycles of Design — lets us show students how they **have used** DT in their past life, so they can confidently think "I have used DT for design-in-life, so I can use DT for design-in-school"; and they **will use** DT in their future life, so improving DT-skills in school will help them achieve their personal goals for life. Their confidence + motivation → educational equity.

• TRANSFER-Bridges between Engineering and Science: In <u>Diagram B</u>, <u>3 elements</u> (Predictions, Observations, Goals) <u>are compared in 3 ways</u>, 2 used for <u>General Design</u> (this includes Engineering) and 1 used for <u>Science-Design</u>.

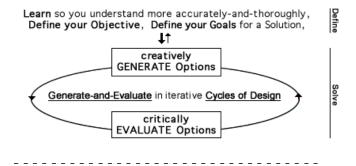
In Design-Inquiry for General Design (e.g. Engineering) you use <u>Quality Checks</u> for main objective (with quality of a Solution-Option defined by Goals) AND <u>Reality Checks</u> by <u>asking</u> "do Predictions (from Mental Experiment, using Explanatory Theory-Based Model + If-Then Logic) match Observations (from Physical Experiment)?" By using this <u>science-question</u>, <u>Engineering-DT and Science-DT occur</u> in the same activity, in 3 comparisons of the 3 elements.

**Transfers-of-Skills** (including most NGSS Practices, and more) <u>occur because similar DT-skills are used</u> for Inquiry Activities <u>in all subject areas</u>, so we expect a transfering of valuable DT-skills between areas.

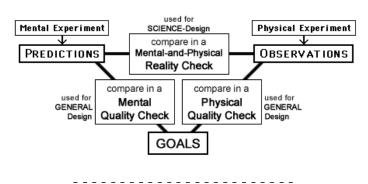
In <u>Diagram C</u>, <u>Critical Evaluation</u> (in Quality Checks) <u>stimulates-and-guides Creative Generation</u> when you ask "revise Option?" in a <u>Design Cycle</u>, or "revise Model?" in a <u>Science Cycle</u> (using Reality Checks), with critical-and-creative **Guided Generation** of Ideas-for-Options.

In <u>Diagram D</u>, Cycles of <u>Plan-and-Monitor</u> (similar to SRL Cycles for Self-Regulated Learning) help you Learn More from Experience, to develop-and-use a wide variety of <u>metacognitive Thinking Strategies</u>. (and other kinds of strategies, or activities or products, or science-models)

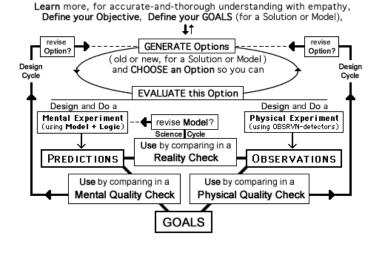
A - Simplicity: You use Design Thinking whenever you <u>Define Problem</u> (Learn, Define Objectives + Goals), <u>Solve this Problem</u> (Generate-and-Evaluate Ideas):



## B - 3 Elements (P,O,G) are used in 3 Comparisons:



## C - <u>Design</u> Cycles and <u>Science</u> Cycle:



**D** - **Plan** (mentally Ideate) and **Monitor** (physically Test):

